Art Unit: 3694 Paper No. 20081020

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restriction

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C.

121:

- I. Claims 1-38 drawn to trading, classified in class 705, subclass 37.
- Claims 39-50 drawn to graphical user interface, classified in class 715, subclass 700.
- The inventions are distinct each from the other because of the following reasons:
- 3. Inventions I through II are related as sub combinations disclosed as usable together in a single combination. The sub combinations are distinct if they do not overlap in scope and are not obvious variants, and if it is shown that at least one subcombination is separately usable. In the instant case, subcombination I has separate utility such as trading, while subcombination II has a separate utility such as graphical user interfaces. See MPEP § 806.05(d).

Art Unit: 3694 Paper No. 20081020

The examiner has required restriction between sub combinations usable together. Where applicant elects a subcombination and claims thereto are subsequently found all works are subsequently found all works.

found allowable, any claim(s) depending from or otherwise requiring all the limitations of

the allowable subcombination will be examined for patentability in accordance with 37

CFR 1.104. See MPEP § 821.04(a).

5. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and

have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification,

restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

6. Restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper because all

these inventions listed in this action are independent or distinct for the reasons given

above and there would be a serious search and examination burden if restriction were

not required because one or more of the following reasons apply:

(a) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their

different classification;

(b) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their

recognized divergent subject matter;

(c) the inventions require a different field of search (for example, searching

different classes/subclasses or electronic resources, or employing different

search queries);

Art Unit: 3694 Paper No. 20081020

(d) the prior art applicable to one invention would not likely be applicable to another invention:

- (e) the inventions are likely to raise different non-prior art issues under 35 U.S.C. 101 and/or 35 U.S.C. 112. first paragraph.
- 7. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.
- 8. The election of an invention may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected invention.
- If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable upon the elected invention.

Art Unit: 3694 Paper No. 20081020

10. Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection

A telephone call was not made.

under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

Conclusion

- Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Barbara Joan Amelunxen whose telephone number is (571) 270-5297. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday --07:30:17:00.
- 13. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James P. Trammell can be reached on (571) 272-6712. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

 Application/Control Number: 10/583,395
 Page 6

 Art Unit: 3694
 Paper No. 20081020

14. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/B. J. A./ Examiner, Art Unit 3694

October 20, 2008

/Mary Cheung/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3694